

COVID-19 Treatment Strategies & Interventions Post-Acute Care Setting

Speakers:

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- Webinar is being recorded and will be available for Members on the NARA Portal under Webinars in 24 – 48 hours
- Attendee Control Panel
 - Chat: Use for technical questions related to the webinar platform
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Question & Answer

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Post-Acute Challenges Responding to the Pandemic

- PPE access and variances; weekly testing, re-opening guidelines
- PRN's 1 site only to avoid cross-contamination
- Census declines + illness and fear + limited PRN help
 staffing challenges
- Providing skilled services differently during the pandemic (1:1 vs. concurrent and group, in-room vs. gym)
- Clinical consultation remote / telemedicine



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Characteristics of COVID Patients

- Vary in their characteristics based upon their comorbidities and the severity of the virus.
- Some patients will show no symptoms, while others will show mild, moderate or severe symptoms.
- Some of our patients will come from acute while others will be diagnosed in-house.
- It is imperative that we are working closely with nursing and the physician to understand each patient's risks.

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Psychosocial Function

- Assessments:
 - The 9-Item Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ-9©)
 - Occupational Profile
 - The Delirium Rating Scale (DRS)3
 - Generalized Anxiety Disorder Scale (GAD-7)
 - Brief Trauma Questionnaire
 - Trauma Checklist
 - Trauma Screening Questionnaire (TSQ)
 - Occupational Therapy Profile of Sleep



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Psychosocial Function

- Treatment Strategies and Patient Education:
 - Focus on meaningful and purposeful activities based on their interests/hobbies/goals
 - Establish a daily routine/schedule
 - Use of facetime to connect with family/loved ones
 - Relaxation techniques (diaphragmatic/pursed lip breathing)
 - Encourage outside activities (if allowed) to maintain the body's sleep-wake cycle
 - Engage in physical activities that boost confidence and relieve stress
 - Stress management coping strategies
 - Assuring a normal sleep/wake pattern with non-pharmacologic behavioral modification and/or medications as needed

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OT Assessment for the COVID Patient

- Allen Cognitive Level
- · Brief Cognitive Rating Scale
- Brief Interview for Mental Status (BIMS) [video sponsored by CMS on how to perform BIMS https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DAj3TA5w11Y]
- Cognitive Adaptive Skills Evaluation (CASE)
- Cognitive Performance Test
- Functional Needs Assessment
- Geriatric Depression Scale
- Global Deterioration Scale
- Occupational Profile
- Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ-9)
- The Delirium Rating Scale (DRS)3
- Generalized Anxiety Disorder Scale (GAD-7)
- Brief Trauma Questionnaire
- Trauma Checklist
- Trauma Screening Questionnaire (TSQ)
- Occupational Therapy Profile of Sleep
- The Confusion Assessment Model for the ICU (CAM-ICU)
- The 3-D CAM

AOTA's Quality Toolkit includes links to standardized assessments and screeners used by occupational therapy practitioners who work with adults: https://www.aota.org/Practice/Manage/value/quality-toolkit.aspx.



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Cognition

- Ardila, A., & Lahiri, D. (2020). Executive Dysfunction in COVID-19 Patients. Diabetes
 & Metabolic Syndrome, 14(5), 1377–1378. doi:10.1016/j.dsx.2020.07.032
- Mcloughlin, B. C., Miles, A., Webb, T. E., Knopp, P., Eyres, C., Fabbri, A., ...Davis, D. (2020). Functional and Cognitive Outcomes After COVID-19 Delirium. European Geriatric Medicine, Epub ahead of print. doi:10.1007/s41999-020-00353-8
- Complexities and comorbidities
- Executive function disorder
- Reduced attention

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Executive Function Organization and Regulation

- Self-awareness
- Inhibition
- Non-verbal working memory
- Verbal working memory
- Emotional self-regulation
- Self-motivation
- · Planning and problem solving



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Cognitive Tests & Measures

- BCAT[™]
 - Verbal Practical Judgment (VPJ)
 - Kitchen Picture Test (KPT)
 - Brief Anxiety and Depression Scale (BADS)
- Wechsler Adult Intelligence Scale IV (WAIS IV)
- Ross Information Processing Assessment Geriatric (RIPA-G2)
- Screening Instruments
 - Montreal Cognitive Assessment (MoCA)
 - Mini-Mental State Exam (MMSE)
 - Mini-Cog
 - Saint Louis University Mental Status Exam (SLUMS)
 - Brief Inventory of Mental Status (BIMS)

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Cardio-Pulmonary Function

• Pathophysiology - COVID Pneumonia



- Symptoms Cardiac & Respiratory
 - Hypoxemia, Dry Cough, Dyspnea, Upper Respiratory Symptoms, Cardiac Myositis
- Treatment considerations:
 - Infection Control: understand precautions, PPE donning/doffing, aerosolizing procedures
 - Modify Plan of Care: add covid focused goals
 - Monitor Vitals: pre-activity, during-activity, during-recovery
 - Exercise Intensity: more frequent (BID) vs longer more intense sessions



Cardio-Pulmonary Function

Interventions:

Rationale	Techniques	
Patient/ Family Education	Activity pacing	
Change in functional ability may necessitate	Safety awareness to prevent falls	
alternative ways to perform tasks	Compensatory strategies	
Respiratory Strategies	Diaphragmatic breathing	
Combat respiratory weakness and difficulty	Pursed lip breathing	
due to general muscle weakness or post	Incentive spirometer	
mechanical ventilation	Inspiratory muscle training	
Postural Control Exercises	Posterior shoulder rolls	
Promote lung expansion and improve air	Chin tucks	
exchange	Scapular retraction	
Exercise Prescription	Borg RPE scale	
Intensity of exercise depends on patients self-	2 minute walk test	
report of fatigue	6 minute walk test	
	Reference: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3513482/	

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Respiratory Considerations

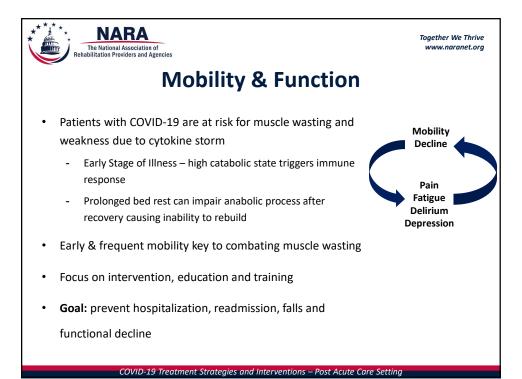
- COVID-19 Pneumonia
- Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS)
- Sepsis
- Other factors
 - Disease severity
 - Other health conditions

How do therapists incorporate these considerations in the treatment plan?



Endurance and Dyspnea

- Does the patient need more time to complete tasks?
- Does the patient need an adjustment to the challenge of the task?
- Split visits or b.i.d. treatments?
- Expiratory Muscle Strength Training (EMST)
- Consistent assessment of vitals
 - (sPO2, RR, HR, BP)
 - RPE
 - Dyspnea Scale





Mobility & Function

Interventions:

Rationale	Assessment	Techniques
Range of Motion (ROM)	MMT	ROM exercises
Due to peripheral muscle weakness	1RM	Progressive resisted exercises
patients will benefit from progression		PNF diagonals
to exercise to regain strength		
Functional Mobility Training	FIM score	Bed mobility
Depending on extent of weakness	TUG	Transfers
patients will exhibit decline in function	5 STS	Gait training
	EMS	Stair negotiation
	DGI	
Balance Training	Berg balance scale	Static/ dynamic sitting and
Neuromuscular changes and weakness	Sitting balance test	standing balance exercises
affect balance and increase risk of falls		Negotiating obstacles

Reference: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3513482/

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Holistic Approach to ADLs

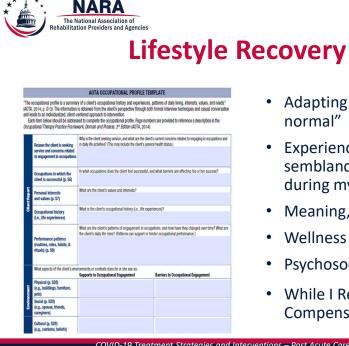
- Establish a daily routine/schedule
- Energy conservation & work simplification techniques
- Borg Exertion Scale incorporation in Daily Activities
- Adaptive equipment integration
- Fall prevention
- Assuring adequate hydration and nutrition
 - Swallowing Disorder (Sections K0100A-K0100D)



Expressive and Receptive Language

- Neurological effects of COVID may include stroke
- Difficulty expressing basic wants and needs
- Difficulty responding to instructions
- When supporting people to communicate through technology with family and caregivers, aphasia adds an additional burden
- https://newsinhealth.nih.gov/2020/06/communicationbreakdown

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- Adapting to my "new normal"
- · Experiencing some semblance of "normal" during my recovery
- Meaning, Well-being
- Wellness
- Psychosocial function
- While I Restorate → Compensate & Adapt



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Occupational Deprivation



Melissa Tilton, OTA, BS, COTA, ROH Clinical Operations Area Director Genesis Rehab

What is it?

 Not being able to engage in the occupations which are important to the individual

Impact due to:

- Social distancing and co-horting
- Quarantine/isolation and room changes
- Not having their normal room, belongings, same set up, etc.

How do we help?

- Environment
- Establishing routines
- · Accessing leisure

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Slower Progress – Setting up the POC

"I've done the quality OT assessment and treatment, now how do I show that in my documentation?"

- Many EMR drop-down boxes for documentation don't capture OTPF areas
- EMR's often measure functional deficits > underlying impairments, client factors, performance factors, etc.
- Objective Assessments are key they enable you to measure increments of progress



Slower Progress – Setting up the POC

Goals: Measuring Functional Deficits vs.
Underlying Impairments

Patient will don pants with mod physical assist and 50% verbal cues while sitting at EOB.

 $Max \rightarrow Mod \rightarrow Min \rightarrow CGA /SBA \rightarrow Mod I$





Slower Progress – Setting up the POC

Goals: Measuring the Underlying Impairments with conditions

- To achieve safety while toileting, the patient will demo 5 minutes Fair Plus dynamic sitting tolerance at EOB.
- Patient will don pants with mod physical assist and 50% cueing while sitting at EOB for 5 minutes with Fair Plus dynamic balance.

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Slower Progress – Setting up the POC

Let's Practice!

- Patient will demo 5 minute activity tolerance at a 2-3 cardiac Met level ADL task without abnormal vital signs.
- To reduce anxiety during self ADL performance patient will initiate learned relaxation techniques when anxious without prompts or cues required.
- Patient will demonstrate a 5 minute attention span at a meaningful leisure task in order to achieve improved quality of life with her physical limitations.

